

# Demo Script: DevCon 2024

## Download and Save Sample Code

1. Download [twinBASIC BETA 504](#)
2. Extract from Zip folder
3. Open twinBASIC > **Sample 4**
4. Enter Project Name: Demo2024 (*Do not put spaces in the name*)
5. Save as: %tmp%\Demo2024\Demo2024.twinproj
  1. Navigate to: %tmp%
  2. Create folder named: Demo2024
  3. Filename: Demo2024.twinproj

## Customize the Addin Name and Description

Next, let's customize the friendly name and description of our addin. This is the info that appears in the VBA Add-in Manager dialog box.

1. Go to **dllRegistration.twin > DllRegisterServer**
2. In the "FriendlyName" line, replace *AddinProjectName* with "DevCon 2024 Demo"
3. In the "Description" line, replace *AddinProjectName* with "Create a strongly-typed collection class from an existing VBA class object."
4. Save the project
5. Build the project
6. Launch M: \Repos\NLS\DevCon2024\DevCon2024.accdb
7. Switch to VBA: **Ctrl + G**
8. Dock the add-in window
9. Go to "Add-Ins" > "Toggle myToolWindow Visibility"
10. Go to "Add-Ins" > "Add-in Manager"
  - Point out the "DevCon 2024 Demo" item with description below
11. Close "Add-In Manager" window

## Create the Tool Window Controls

Next, we're going to customize the controls that appear on the tool window. I'll explain what these controls will be used for in a minute. For now, all you need to know is that we are adding two text boxes, a command button, and a label to hold a version number.

1. Open myToolWindow.tbcontrol
2. Select all controls and delete them
3. Click DIAGNOSTICS error to go to myToolWindow.twin and **delete all dead code**
4. Select form and set the following properties:

- Height: 1700
  - Width: 2550
5. Create a text box and set the following properties:
    - Name: `tbObjName`
    - Anchors > Right:  True
    - Height: 300
    - Left: 150
    - Text: `{blank}`
    - TextHint: Object Class Name
    - Top: 150
    - Width: 2250
  6. Create a text box and set the following properties:
    - Name: `tbCollName`
    - Anchors > Right:  True
    - Height: 300
    - Left: 150
    - Text: `{blank}`
    - TextHint: Collection Class Name
    - Top: 600
    - Width: 2250
  7. Create a button and set the following properties:
    - Name: `btnCreateClass`
    - Anchors > Right:  True
    - Caption: Create Collection Class
    - Height: 450
    - Left: 150
    - Top: 1050
    - Width: 2250
  8. Create a version label
    - Caption: Version `{hhmm}`

## Edit the Code in `myToolWindow.twin`

1. Delete the `Timer1_Timer()` and `HelloWorld_Click()` subroutines
2. Add a Click event handler for `btnCreateClass` using the code below

```
Private Sub btnCreateClass_Click()  
    MsgBox "Object class name: " & Me.tbObjName.Text & vbNewLine & _  
        "Collection class name: " & Me.tbCollName.Text, vbInformation,  
    "Create Class"  
End Sub
```

## Test the Updated Addin

1. Make sure Access is closed then **Build** the tB project

2. Reopen Access and switch to VBA
3. Enter sample text `oVehicle` for object class name and `collVehicles` for collection class name then click [Create Collection Class]

## Strongly-Typed Collection Class

Now, let's talk about what this add-in will actually, you know, *do*.

The purpose of the add-in is to encapsulate the `BuildStronglyTypedCollection()` function as described here: [Strongly-Typed Collections: The Easy Way](#)

I put a link to this article in the Resources page for today's presentation. If you've never heard of strongly-typed collection classes, I recommend you read up on them after today's presentations.

For our purposes, the important thing to know about them is that you CANNOT build them in the VBA editor. They require setting a couple of hidden code attributes that only appear when you export the code module to a text file.

As you can imagine, manually jumping through those hoops is inefficient and error-prone. The existing code I wrote in VBA does automate the process, but it requires importing several additional dependencies. Our VBE add-in will be a direct replacement for the `BuildStronglyTypedCollection()` function.


## Build and Test the Addin on a Different Machine and Bitness

The following instructions assume you are building on a machine with 32-bit Office (mjw20), but installing on a machine with 64-bit Office (e.g., gbm18):

1. Ensure "**win64**" is selected in dropdown
2. **File > Build**
3. I copied `M:\Repos\NLS\DevCon2024\Build\DevCon2024_win64.dll` to `%fb%\12114\DevCon2024_win64.dll` (I will test registering it tomorrow on gbm18)
4. Open a non-admin cmd prompt
5. Run: `regsvr32 DevCon2024_win64.dll`
  - Receive message: "DllRegisterServer in DevCon2024\_win64.dll succeeded."
6. Open Word (or Excel) - The add-in appears.

## Copy and Paste Working VBA Code into twinBASIC

1. Add a standard code module named "MyModule":
  1. Right-click Sources > **Add > Add Module (.TWIN supporting Unicode)**
2. Go to [Strongly-Typed Collections: The Easy Way](#)
  1. Copy and paste the [GetGuidBasedTempPath](#) code

2. Copy and paste the  [FileWrite](#) code
3. Handle "Unrecognized datatype symbol 'Scripting'" error in DIAGNOSTICS pane:
  1. Go to **Project > References**
  2. Switch to "Available COM References" tab
  3. Search for "script" and then click the "Microsoft Scripting Runtime" reference
  4. Click [Save Changes]

## Add fafalone's WinDevLib Package for API Calls

1. **Project > References...**
2. Switch to "Available Packages" tab
3. Search for "windows"
4. Check box next to " Windows Development Library for twinBASIC vX.Y.ZZZ"
  - The package will immediately begin downloading in the background
  - When the download finishes, the name will change to " [IMPORTED] Windows Development Library for twinBASIC vX.Y.ZZZ"
  - NOTE: "[WinDevLib for Implements](#)" is a different package
5. Click [Save Changes]
6. Comment out (or delete) API `\Declare\` lines throughout the project
  - Be aware that if you used non-standard `\Alias\` names, you may need to adjust your API calls to match the standard versions used in WinDevLib
  - **myAddIn.twin:**
    - Delete Private Type RECT structure
    - Delete GetClientRect() function declare
  - **InterProcess.twin:**
    - Delete GetCurrentProcessId() function declare line...
    - ...through Type UUID structure
  - **MyModule.twin:**
    - Delete Sleep sub declare
    - Comment out CoCreateGuid function declare and highlight the failure to compile due to the stricter typing of `id As UUID` in WinDevLib versus `id As Any` in my code
    - Uncomment the CoCreateGuid function to show that explicit API declares override the WinDevLib versions
7. Pass Unicode strings directly to API declare functions
  - Most string-related API functions have ANSI and Unicode versions ("A" and "W" for "ANSI" and "Wide", respectively)
  - Lots of legacy VB6/VBA code use the ANSI version of API functions
  - WinDevLib [encourages the use of Unicode versions](#) by default
  - This means that code that passes input strings to API functions may require wrapping the string in `\StrPtr()\` (or removing `\StrPtr()\`) from your existing code
  - Remove `StrPtr()` from calls to `FindWindowEx()` in `InterProcess.callerApplicationObject`
  - Convert final argument from `0&` to `vbNullString` for calls to `FindWindowEx()` in `InterProcess.callerApplicationObject`

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