2025/12/11 09:06 UTC 1/5 Demo Script: DevCon 2024

# **Demo Script: DevCon 2024**

### **Download and Save Sample Code**

- 1. Download twinBASIC BETA 504
- 2. Extract from Zip folder
- 3. Open twinBASIC > Sample 4
- 4. Enter Project Name: Demo2024 (Do not put spaces in the name)
- 5. Save as: %tmp%\Demo2024\Demo2024.twinproj
  - 1. Navigate to: %tmp%
  - Create folder named: Demo2024
    Filename: Demo2024.twinproj

## **Customize the Addin Name and Description**

Next, let's customize the friendly name and description of our addin. This is the info that appears in the VBA Add-in Manager dialog box.

- 1. Go to dllRegistration.twin > DllRegisterServer
- 2. In the "FriendlyName" line, replace AddinProjectName with "DevCon 2024 Demo"
- 3. In the "Description" line, replace AddinProjectName with "Create a strongly-typed collection class from an existing VBA class object."
- 4. Save the project
- 5. Build the project
- 6. Launch M:\Repos\NLS\DevCon2024\DevCon2024.accdb
- 7. Switch to VBA: Ctrl + G
- 8. Dock the add-in window
- 9. Go to "Add-Ins" > "Toggle myToolWindow Visibility"
- 10. Go to "Add-Ins" > "Add-in Manager"
  - Point out the "DevCon 2024 Demo" item with description below
- 11. Close "Add-In Manager" window

### **Create the Tool Window Controls**

Next, we're going to customize the controls that appear on the tool window. I'll explain what these controls will be used for in a minute. For now, all you need to know is that we are adding two text boxes, a command button, and a label to hold a version number.

- 1. Open myToolWindow.tbcontrol
- 2. Select all controls and delete them
- 3. Click DIAGNOSTICS error to go to myToolWindow.twin and delete all dead code
- 4. Select form and set the following properties:

Height: 1700Width: 2550

- 5. Create a text box and set the following properties:
  - Name: tb0bjNameAnchors > Right: ☑ True

Height: 300Left: 150Text: {blank}

∘ TextHint: Object Class Name

Top: 150Width: 2250

- 6. Create a text box and set the following properties:
  - Name: tbCollNameAnchors > Right: ☑ True

Height: 300Left: 150Text: {blank}

∘ TextHint: Collection Class Name

Top: 600Width: 2250

- 7. Create a button and set the following properties:
  - Name: btnCreateClassAnchors > Right: ☑ True
  - ∘ Caption: Create Collection Class

Height: 450Left: 150Top: 1050Width: 2250

8. Create a version label

Caption: Version {hhmm}

## Edit the Code in myToolWindow.twin

- Delete the Timer1\_Timer() and HelloWorld\_Click() subroutines
- 2. Add a Click event handler for btnCreateClass using the code below

### **Test the Updated Addin**

1. Make sure Access is closed then **Build** the tB project

2025/12/11 09:06 UTC 3/5 Demo Script: DevCon 2024

- 2. Reopen Access and switch to VBA
- 3. Enter sample text oVehicle for object class name and collVehicles for collection class name then click [Create Collection Class]

## **Strongly-Typed Collection Class**

Now, let's talk about what this add-in will actually, you know, do.

The purpose of the add-in is to encapsulate the BuildStronglyTypedCollection() function as described here: Strongly-Typed Collections: The Easy Way

I put a link to this article in the Resources page for today's presentation. If you've never heard of strongly-typed collection classes, I recommend you read up on them after today's presentations.

For our purposes, the important thing to know about them is that you CANNOT build them in the VBA editor. They require setting a couple of hidden code attributes that only appear when you export the code module to a text file.

As you can imagine, manually jumping through those hoops is inefficient and error-prone. The existing code I wrote in VBA does automate the process, but it requires importing several additional dependencies. Our VBE add-in will be a direct replacement for the BuildStronglyTypedCollection() function.

#### **Build and Test the Addin on a Different Machine and Bitness**

The following instructions assume you are building on a machine with 32-bit Office (mjw20), but installing on a machine with 64-bit Office (e.g., gbm18):

- 1. Ensure "win64" is selected in dropdown
- 2. File > Build
- 3. I copied M:\Repos\NLS\DevCon2024\Build\DevCon2024\_win64.dll to %fb%\12114\DevCon2024 win64.dll (I will test registering it tomorrow on gbm18)
- 4. Open a non-admin cmd prompt
- 5. Run: regsvr32 DevCon2024 win64.dll
  - Receive message: "DIIRegisterServer in DevCon2024 win64.dll succeeded."
- 6. Open Word (or Excel) The add-in appears.

#### Copy and Paste Working VBA Code into twinBASIC

- 1. Add a standard code module named "MyModule":
  - 1. Right-click Sources > Add > Add Module (.TWIN supporting Unicode)
- 2. Go to Strongly-Typed Collections: The Easy Way
  - 1. Copy and paste the <a>GetGuidBasedTempPath</a> code

- 2. Copy and paste the **AFileWrite code**
- 3. Handle "Unrecognized datatype symbol 'Scripting'" error in DIAGNOSTICS pane:
  - 1. Go to **Project > References**
  - 2. Switch to "Available COM References" tab
  - 3. Search for "script" and then click the "Microsoft Scripting Runtime" reference
  - 4. Click [Save Changes]

### Add fafalone's WinDevLib Package for API Calls

- 1. Project > References...
- 2. Switch to "Available Packages" tab
- 3. Search for "windows"
- 4. Check box next to "☑ Windows Development Library for twinBASIC vX.Y.ZZZ"
  - The package will immediately begin downloading in the background
  - When the download finishes, the name will change to "☑ [IMPORTED] Windows Development Library for twinBASIC vX.Y.ZZZ"
  - NOTE: "WinDevLib for Implements" is a different package
- 5. Click [Save Changes]
- 6. Comment out (or delete) API `Declare` lines throughout the project
  - Be aware that if you used non-standard `Alias` names, you may need to adjust your API calls to match the standard versions used in WinDevLib
  - myAddIn.twin:
    - Delete Private Type RECT structure
    - Delete GetClientRect() function declare
  - o InterProcess.twin:
    - Delete GetCurrentProcessId() function declare line...
    - ...through Type UUID structure
  - MyModule.twin:
    - Delete Sleep sub declare
    - Comment out CoCreateGuid function declare and highlight the failure to compile due to the stricter typing of id As UUID in WinDevLib versus id As Any in my code
    - Uncomment the CoCreateGuid function to show that explicit API declares override the WinDevLib versions
- 7. Pass Unicode strings directly to API declare functions
  - Most string-related API functions have ANSI and Unicode versions ("A" and "W" for "ANSI" and "Wide", respectively)
  - Lots of legacy VB6/VBA code use the ANSI version of API functions
  - WinDevLib encourages the use of Unicode versions by default
  - This means that code that passes input strings to API functions may require wrapping the string in `StrPtr()` (or removing `StrPtr()`) from your existing code
  - $\square$  Remove StrPtr() from calls to FindWindowEx() in InterProcess.callerApplicationObject
  - □ Convert final argument from 0& to vbNullString for calls to FindWindowEx() in InterProcess.callerApplicationObject

https://grandjean.net/wiki/ Printed on 2025/12/11 09:06 UTC

From:

https://grandjean.net/wiki/ - Grandjean & Braverman, Inc

Permanent link:

https://grandjean.net/wiki/12114/demo?rev=1713157938

Last update: 2024/04/15 05:12 UTC

